



Assistive Technology

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History

- 2007 – Compass and Limestone District School Board (LDSB)
- Complimentary to school health OT with specific focus on cognitive and mental health issues that can be accommodated for through the use of assistive technology

Our Role and Method of Service Delivery

- To provide tailored, direct training to students who require a different way of doing
- To coach and collaborate with teachers to develop strategies for students to complete school work
- To develop capacity within the entire school

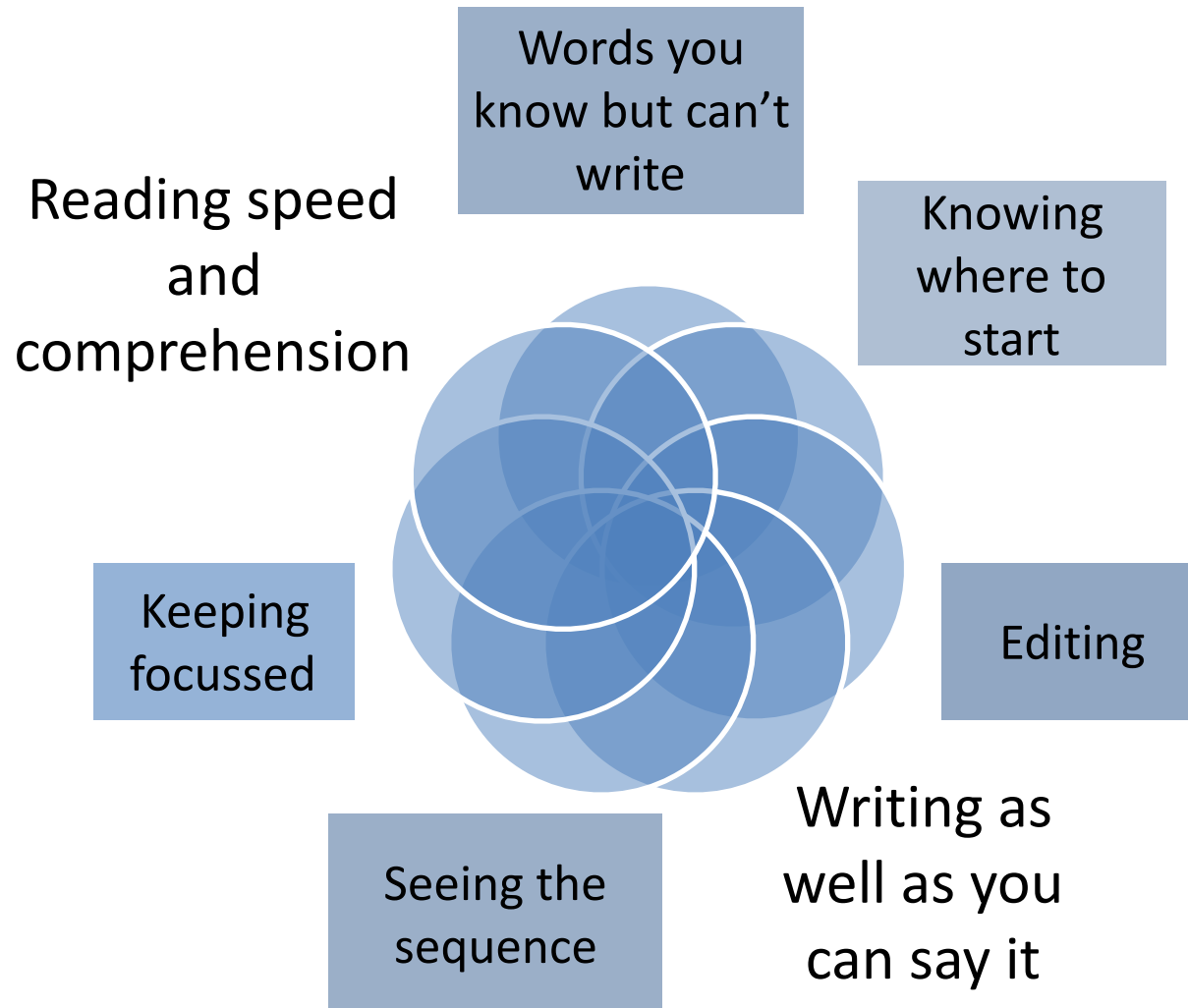


Our Approach

- Technology is a tool, not a fix or a cure
- Different tools for different jobs
- Some jobs require more than one tool
- Tools do not do the work for the student



What Kinds of Issues Could Assistive Technology Target?



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- When there are significant gaps between what you know and what you show, AT can be considered
 - AT helps students re-engage in the learning process
 - Over 400 AT on the market, therefore it takes time to choose what is the best fit for each student.



Considerations

- Student
 - Does the AT address their challenges?
 - Does the AT use their strengths?
 - Is the student willing to use it?
 - Is the student able to use it?



Considerations

- Tool
 - Is there a simpler tool that would work as effectively?
 - Is it easy to incorporate the tool into the classroom? Compatible with teacher knowledge? Compatible with classroom/school platform?
 - Is it portable?



Considerations

- Environment
 - Is it available at home?
 - What is the technology culture within the classroom and school?
 - Location of desk and outlets in class

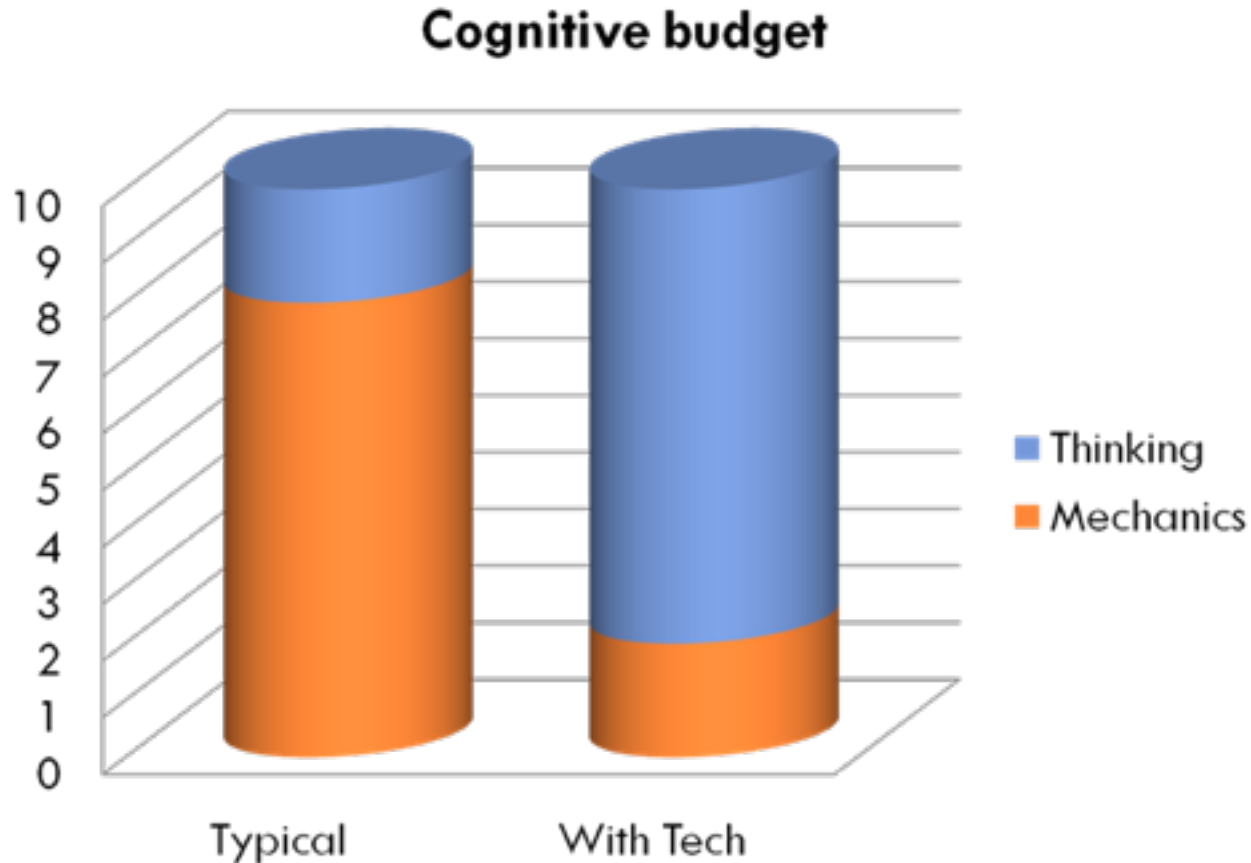


How much Difference can Technology Really Make?

EFFORT

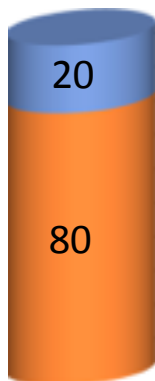


YIELD



Student's work completed in the typical pencil-paper form:

- low legibility
- spelling
- incomplete
- crumpled
- retrieved from
trash by teacher



6.) List the factors that contributed to Assyrian military success?

7.) Who brought the Israelites into the Assyrian empire?

Sargon II

8.) Describe Assyria's great empire builder, Ashurbanipal.

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9.) What caused the powerful Assyrians to lose their hold on the seat of power in Mesopotamia?

10.) List the achievements of the Chaldean king, Nebuchadnezzar.

- ~~captured~~ Jew's conquer Judah (captured, destroyed, rebuilt)
- Fought few battles than Assyria
- Built the hanging gardens
- known as builder not warrior

Student's work using AT:

- vocabulary
- depth of response
- richness



Part B: Definitions: Please choose **3 of 6** definitions (4 marks each) 11/12

Ziggurat Anthropomorphic Theocracy

Cuneiform Sargon of Akkad Siege Towers

1. A ziggurat is a tall tower that was made to honour the gods. They were tall because people thought the gods were in the sky. The higher the tower, the closer the priests were to the gods. Only priests could go in these towers. This showed the power of the priests.
2. Cuneiform is a form of writing that people used to communicate with each other. Cuneiform is better than pictographs because you can be more exact in your text. They wrote cuneiform on clay tablets. It is a lot more difficult to write cuneiform than English.
3. Siege Towers are big towers that militaries used to get over city walls. These towers were setup on all of the sides of the city wall. The towers were made of wood and they sometimes had protection on the sides (from arrows and other weapons). These towers made for a quick and easy access to the city while also being stealthy.

Part C: Short Answer Please answer **7 of the following 12** questions. **You must answer the questions with asterisks beside them.**

26/32

1. Explain why the Paleolithic people were more conscious of their environment than the Neolithic people. Use examples in your answer (4)

Paleolithic people were more conscious of the environment because they relied on it. Since the Neolithic people grew their own food and had their own animals it would not matter as much if one day there was a storm. If the Paleolithic people could not go out because of a storm to gather food. Or the animals they hunted were hiding from the storm they wouldn't eat.

Section VII. Response Form

- Test of Written Spelling
- Grade 11 student
- 3rd percentile

1.	Yes	26.	
2.	bed	27.	
3.	let	28.	
4.	us	29.	
5.	when	30.	
6.	much	31.	
7.	next	32.	
8.	spend	33.	
9.	next	34.	
10.	shake	35.	
11.	eat & estate	36.	
12.	straw	37.	
13.	pile	38.	
14.	knife	39.	
15.	knew	40.	
16.	thred (lose)	41.	
17.	19 mite ninteen	42.	
18.	seeth schion	43.	
19.	signul	44.	
20.	expet	45.	
21.	canyon	46.	
22.	disatuc	47.	
23.	for fourtore	48.	
24.	leagl	49.	

- Test of Written Spelling
- Form B with WordQ
- 88th percentile

Section VII. Response Form

1. <u>she</u>	26. <u>awful</u>
2. <u>stop</u>	27. <u>community</u>
3. <u>him</u>	28. <u>salute</u>
4. <u>name</u>	29. <u>fallow</u>
5. <u>plant</u>	30. <u>original</u>
6. <u>two</u>	31. <u>overwhelm</u>
7. <u>spring</u>	32. <u>retaliate</u>
8. <u>storm</u>	33. <u>campaign</u>
9. <u>myself</u>	34. <u>audible</u>
10. <u>when</u>	35. <u>wistful</u>
11. <u>people</u>	36. <u>navigabull</u>
12. <u>hardly</u>	37. <u>hippopsh</u>
13. <u>able</u>	38. <u>ambiguous</u>
14. <u>everyone</u>	39. <u>notary</u>
15. <u>uncle</u>	40. <u>verify</u>
16. <u>strange</u>	41. <u>negotiate</u>
17. <u>shore</u>	42. <u>credulous</u>
18. <u>brandish</u>	43. <u>variance</u>
19. <u>hospital</u>	44. <u>trshary</u>
20. <u>forty</u>	45. <u>suffice</u>
21. <u>enough</u>	46. <u>havoc</u>
22. <u>entire</u>	47. <u>afuont</u>
23. <u>pardon</u>	48. <u>fvertically</u>
24. <u>political</u>	49. <u>fame</u>
25. <u>electricity</u>	50. <u>afidavid</u>

Started to use the predictor list more
 needed strategy instruction to use list effectively
 reduced prompt no. & has art to use list independently

couldn't hear the diff bet sure & shine didn't know the word.

looked at the words as a challenge - lot of perseverance

Raw 42
 SS 118
 20 88.

Total Raw Score 42

How Does AT Help?

- Mechanical burden mitigated
 - Expectation that student read, write, and memorize to learn accommodated for through the use of AT
- Lack of automatization accommodated for
- Organizational support (time, materials, information)
- Cognitive support (processing speed, attention, memory, initiation)
- Study skills support
- Math support
- Differentiated instruction
- Enhanced student engagement
- Positive impact on academic self concept



Writing Challenges & AT

- Pre-Writing
 - Inspiration/Kidspiration/Webspiration
 - Google Chrome-MindMeister
 - Timers
 - Calendar
- Word Prediction
 - WordQ/SpeakQ
 - Co-Writer
 - Google Chrome – Read & Write



Writing Challenges & AT

- Dictation
 - iPad
 - Google Chrome
 - Mac
 - Dragon Naturally Speaking
 - Windows Speech Recognition
 - MS OneNote
 - SpeakQ
- Note Taking
 - Livescribe Pen
 - Apps- AudioNote, Notability, Whink, Evernote



Writing Challenges & AT

- Grammar
 - Google Chrome- Ginger, Grammarly
 - Grammaropolis
- Math
 - Google Chrome- gMath, cloudy calculator
 - National Library of Virtual Manipulatives
 - Geogebra.org
 - iPad app- modMath
- Bibliography
 - Google Chrome- Easybib, Diigo, Read & Write



Reading Challenges & AT

- Text to Speech
 - iPad (OCR- Claro, Readiris)
 - Mac
 - Google chrome- Read & Write, Speakit, Snap & Read Universal
 - WordQ
 - Natural Reader
 - Kurzweil 3000
 - MS Word
 - MS OneNote



Reading Challenges & AT

- Attention
 - Google Chrome – Readability, Read & Write
 - Kurzweil 3000
- Reading Comprehension
 - Wikipedia- Simple English
 - Google Chrome- Readability, Read & Write (e-dictionary)
 - Kurzweil 3000 (e-Dictionary)
 - Oxford Picture Dictionary
 - Google Image Search
 - Rewordify.com
 - iPad- Quizlet, Shakespeare in Bits, Claro Scanpen
- AERO
- Bookshare.org



Math Challenges & AT

- iPad
 - Yhomework-math solver
 - Prodigy math
 - IXL
- Khan Academy



Organizational Challenges & AT

- Inspiration/Kidspiration/Webspiration
- MS OneNote
- Livescribe pen
- iPad apps- myHomework Student Planner, 30/30, Wunderlust
- Google Chrome- Mindomo, Mindmeister, MicNote, Google keep, time tracker, stayFocused, myHomework Student Planner, Diigo



For AT use by students to be successful

- A fit between student, task, tool, and environment
- A culture of technology on site
 - Technology infrastructure to support the student's use of the technology
 - Access to electronic text and handouts
 - Teacher-student collaboration to reduce technology barriers
 - School efforts to destigmatize its use and normalize a student's need to do things differently

